



E.V.S  
class-5

## How Animals Find Their Food?

- A. 1. Ants communicate with each other with the help of antennae.  
2. A giraffe uses its neck to pluck leaves from tall trees.
- B. 1. (c); 2. (b); 3. (c); 4. (a); 5. (b)
- C. 1. True; 2. False; 3. False; 4. True; 5. True
- D. 1. antennae; 2. 35000; 3. smell; 4. claws; 5. nocturnal
- E. 1. Antennae are very useful organs of an ant, therefore, they keep them clean with the help of combed legs.  
2. In one minute, it can put its tongue into the mound for 160 times.  
3. Bats are frightful creature of night.  
4. Fish has a special organ called the lateral line that helps it to detect the nearness of other organisms before it can see that organism.  
5. An elephant uses its trunk to break the plant material and put it in to the mouth.
- F. 1. Ants can quickly detect their food with the help of their antennae.  
2. The tongue of an ant eater is sticky and two feet long so it helps to catch its prey.  
3. Eagles are known for their powerful vision, aerial skill and courage. These features help the eagles in hunting their prey.  
4. Tigers are perfect predators. They have tremendous power and speed to catch their prey. Tigers have a perfect vision that helps them to accurately judge the distance of the prey.  
5. They help in pollination of plants. They are natural enemies of night flying insects and pests. Their dropping's produce a nitrogen rich fertilizer known as guano.

### Hot Question

The shark has a powerful sense of smell and it can detect odours of other animals even