

## Remainder of chapter - 21

- elections, two or more parties together form the government. This type of government is called a coalition government.
2. The MLAs of a state elected by a body of electors, who exercise this power on behalf of the people. They are elected by the members of local bodies in a state.
  3. When the bill passed by both the houses, is sent to the 'Governor' for his consent. In a unicameral legislature, a bill passed by legislature assembly is sent directly to the Governor. When the governor signs the bill, it becomes a law.
  4. Qualifications for membership to the two houses. :
    - (a) The person must be a citizen of India.
    - (b) Must possess all the qualifications prescribed by the parliament.
    - (c) Must not hold any office of profit under the government of India or the government of any state.
    - (d) To qualify for election to Vidhan Sabha the person must be not less than 25 years of age, and for the Vidhan Parishad not less than 30 years of age.

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